THREAT MODELING

READ MORE ABOUT ASSESSING YOUR RISKS AT

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THREAT MODELING helps you identify threats to the things you value and who you need to protect them from. When building a threat model, you can ask yourself the following questions.

- What do I want to protect?
- Who do I want to protect it from?
- What are the consequences if I fail?
- How likely are these consequences?
- How can I address the most likely risks?

THREAT MODELING GLOSSARY:

Asset: What I want to protect

Adversaries: Who I want to protect my assets from

Threats: How bad the consequences are if I fail

Risk: The likelihood that a particular threat against a

particular asset will actually occur

Adversary capability: What it is able to do to achieve its aims. For example, a country's security services might have the capability to listen to telephone calls while a neighbor may have the capability to watch you from their window. To say that an adversary "has" a capability does not mean that they will necessarily use that capability. It does mean that you should consider and prepare for the possibility.

Try it! Make a threat model for a jewelry store owner:

THREAT MODEL FOR A **JEWELRY STORE OWNER**

YOU inherit a JEWELRY STORE in the city.

The JEWELRY STORE has:



- \$1 million worth of diamonds.
- A staff of five people.
- An alarm system.
- A safe.
- A cash register.
- A camera monitoring the door.
- A pin-protected alarm for the door.

1	What <u>assets</u> are you protecting?
	 \$1 million worth of diamonds Money in the safe Alarm code Anything else?
2	Who are your adversaries?

Jewelry thieves

Anyone else? (Consider: Who might have access to the jewelry store safe? What about cleaning crews, or maintenance staff?)



What are the consequences if you fail?

Theft of jewelry

Any other threats? (What if the safe code or alarm code is stolen?)

code is stolen:)

How likely are these consequences?

Map the likelihood of these threats occurring on the back! -

How can you address the most likely <u>risks</u>?

- Changing the passcode every month, and after an employee leaves.
- What else?

Jewels are stolen.

Low consequence

High consequence

ASSESSING YOUR RISKS

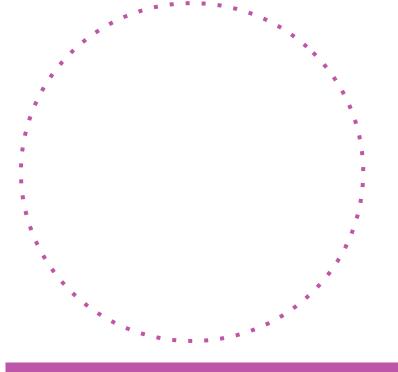
1 ASSETS: What do you want to protect?

2 ADVERSARIES:
Who do you want to protect it from?

5 What kinds of protections make sense in response?

Fill this section out after completing #4 on the back.

Determining appropriate measures depends on your appetite for risk.



Technologies and threats change. Plan to reassess your risks.

What would motivate your adversaries?

What are your adversaries' capabilities?

3 THREATS:

How would they threaten your assets?

Map the likelihood of the threats on the next page!

High likelihood

Low consequence

Low likelihood

High consequence

Threat